Java Swing GUI Programming 3



Questions?



Anything about our previous material?

Learning Objectives



- Layout management
 - Strategies for positioning components
 - Flow, Border, Box
- Program design, communication across classes

Layout



- Where do all the different components in a GUI go?
 - Dictated by layout manager in Swing
 - There are multiple types of layout managers that all work differently
 - setLayout method of a panel controls it

```
JPanel panel = new JPanel();
panel.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
```

I. FlowLayout



- L->R, with components at preferred size, start a new row when needed
 - Default if no type is specified
- Alignment within a row can be left, center (default), or right aligned
- Can make more/less gap between elements



Layout Manag	jer Demo Border Box		-		×
BUTTON 1 BUTTON 2		BUTTON 3	BUTTON 4	BUTTO	N 5

FlowLayout

2. BorderLayout



5 areas

If nothing in N,E,W,S then no area and center expands Only one component per area If you add() a second, it replaces first

To get more than one item in a spot, put a panel there Default is zero gaps, can be changed with a method

```
add(component, region)
e.g.,
add(but, BorderLayout.EAST);
```

	North	
West	Center	East
	South	



🛓 Layout Man	ager Demo	_		×
Intro Flow	Border Box			
BUTTON 2				
BUTTON 5	BUTTON 1		BUTT	ON 4
BUTTON 3				

BorderLayout





One row or column Uses different style constructor

setLayout(new BoxLayout(this, BoxLayout.Y_AXIS));

No gaps between components, but we use invisible components to take up space (Box class)

```
add(c1);
add(Box.createRigidArea(new Dimension(0,10)));
add(c2);
add(Box.createVerticalGlue()); // flexible
```

This manager frequently used to manage sub-components



🕌 Layout Manager Demo		_	×
Intro Flow Border Box			
BUTTON 1			
BUTTON 2			
BUTTON 3			
BUTTON 4			
BUTTON 5			

BoxLayout



How Done?



Reading Review



 "Picking Pockets on the Lawn: The Development of Tactics and Strategies in a Mobile Game", Barkhuus, et al, Ubicomp '11



Design Challenge



Make each of the regions be their own panel and class

PanelsExample, ParentPanel, InputPanel, LabelPanel

CS 6452: Prototyping Interactive Systems

Learning Objectives



- Layout management
 - Strategies for positioning components
 - Flow, Border, Box
- Program design, communication across classes

Next Time

Georgia Tech

- Other components
 - Scrollbars, menus, ...
- Mouse and keyboard events